

Problem Set 3

Q19 Let X be a normed space and $f \in X'$.

Show that $f \in X^*$ if and only if $\ker f$ is closed (in the norm topology).

Q20 Let X be the normed space with underlying vector space \mathbb{R}^2 and norm defined by

$$\|(x, y)\| = \max\{|x|, |y|, |x + y|\}.$$

- (a) Sketch the unit ball of this norm.
- (b) Find the dual norm (i.e. the operator norm) on X^* by determining its unit ball.
- (c) Is X isometric with X^* ?

Q21 Let X, Y and Z be normed spaces over the same field, and $S \in \mathfrak{B}(X, Y)$, $T \in \mathfrak{B}(Y, Z)$. Show that $(TS)^* = S^*T^*$.

- Q22
- (a) Show that two equivalent norms on the same vector space induce the same topology.
 - (b) Show that if $(X, \|\cdot\|_0)$ is complete and $\|\cdot\|_1$ equivalent to $\|\cdot\|_0$, then $(X, \|\cdot\|_1)$ is complete.

Q23 Show that $C[a, b]$ with the uniform norm is complete.

Q24 Check the details in the proof of the “Completion Theorem 2.28”:

- (a) \sim is an equivalence relation;
- (b) the vector space structure and the norm on \widehat{X} are well-defined;
- (c) the candidate sequence $(y_k)_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$ is Cauchy and the limit of $(\hat{x}_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$.

Q25 (a) Let X be a normed space and Z be a subspace that is closed in the norm topology. Define the quotient norm on the quotient space X/Z by:

$$\|x + Z\| = \inf\{\|y\| \mid y \in x + Z\} = \inf\{\|x + z\| \mid z \in Z\}.$$

Show that this is a well-defined norm.

- (b) Does the subspace Z need to be closed in the above?
- (c) Let X and Y be normed spaces and $T \in \mathfrak{B}(X, Y)$. Let $\bar{T}: X/\ker(T) \rightarrow Y$ be the linear map induced by T . Let $Z = \ker(T)$ and give X/Z the quotient norm (why is this possible?). Show that $\bar{T} \in \mathfrak{B}(X/Z, Y)$ and $\|\bar{T}\| = \|T\|$.

Q26 Let V be the vector space of all scalar sequences $x = (x_k)_{k=1}^{\infty}$ with at most finitely many non-zero terms. For $1 \leq p \leq \infty$, let $X_p = (V, \|\cdot\|_p)$, where

$$\|x\|_p = \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |x_k|^p\right)^{1/p} \quad (1 \leq p < \infty)$$

and

$$\|x\|_{\infty} = \max\{|x_k| \mid 1 \leq k \leq \infty\}.$$

You may assume that each space X_p is a normed space.

For $1 \leq r, s \leq \infty$, let $T_{r,s}: X_r \rightarrow X_s$ be the formal identity map $T_{r,s}x = x$. Then $T_{r,s}$ is a linear operator.

- (a) Show that if $r \leq s$, then $T_{r,s}$ is bounded and $\|T_{r,s}\| = 1$.
- (b) Show that if $r > s$, then $T_{r,s}$ is unbounded.